

Health Plan of Washington

# PHARMACY POLICY – 5.01.547 Medical Necessity Criteria and Dispensing Quantity Limits for Metallic Formulary Benefits

| Effective Date: | May 1, 2025  | RELATED PHARMACY/MEDICAL POLICIES:  |  |
|-----------------|--------------|---|--|
| Last Revised:   | Apr. 8, 2025 | 5.01.541 Medical Necessity Exception Criteria for Closed Formulary Benefits and |  |
| Replaces:       | N/A          | Dispense as Written (DAW) Exception Reviews                                     |  |
|                 |              | 5.01.605 Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits                          |  |

#### Select a hyperlink below to be directed to that section.

POLICY CRITERIA | DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS | CODING RELATED INFORMATION | EVIDENCE REVIEW | REFERENCES | HISTORY

Clicking this icon returns you to the hyperlinks menu above.

#### Introduction

Prior authorization and step therapy are a way to provide safe and effective drugs. In step therapy, at least one drug on the health plan's list of covered drugs (the formulary) needs to be tried first. The first-use drugs are usually generic. A quantity limit is the amount of a specific drug that can be approved for a specific time period. This guideline describes the plan's prior authorization, step therapy, and quantity limits for specific drugs in the plan's formulary. This policy applies to the Individual/Small Group/Student ISHIP Metallic formulary (Rx plan M1, M2, and M4). Please refer to the member plan booklet or member ID card to determine if this policy applies.

**Note:** The Introduction section is for your general knowledge and is not to be taken as policy coverage criteria. The rest of the policy uses specific words and concepts familiar to medical professionals. It is intended for providers. A provider can be a person, such as a doctor, nurse, psychologist, or dentist. A provider also can be a place where medical care is given, like a hospital, clinic, or lab. This policy informs them about when a service may be covered.

#### **Policy Coverage Criteria**

**Note:** This policy applies only to closed formulary pharmacy benefits designed to be sold on state and federal insurance exchanges (see **Definition of Terms** below). As used in this policy, "Formulary" refers to the applicable formulary list specified in a member's contract. The policy does not apply to open benefit designs in which non-formulary drugs are covered, though in some cases at a higher tier.

| Drug   | Medical Necessity   |
|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Entresto (sacubitril-<br/>valsartan)</li> <li>Entresto Sprinkle<br/>(sacubitril-valsartan)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Entresto (sacubitril-valsartan) and Entresto Sprinkle (sacubitril-valsartan) may be considered medically necessary for the treatment of adults with heart failure when ALL the following criteria are met:</li> <li>The individual is aged 18 years or older</li> <li>AND</li> <li>Has a diagnosis of chronic heart failure (NYHA Class II to IV)</li> <li>AND</li> <li>Use is prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or a cardiac care specialist</li> </ul>              |
|  | <ul> <li>Entresto (sacubitril-valsartan) and Entresto Sprinkle (sacubitril-valsartan) may be considered medically necessary for pediatric heart failure when ALL the following criteria are met:</li> <li>The individual is aged 1 year or older</li> <li>AND</li> <li>Has a diagnosis of symptomatic heart failure with systemic left ventricular systolic dysfunction</li> <li>AND</li> <li>Use is prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or a cardiac care specialist</li> </ul> |

## **Dispensing Quantity Limits**

The following dispensing quantity limits are based on the maximum dose recommendations in the product's US Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved labeling. This information is available for each product at the manufacturer's web site or **www.fda.gov**. Drugs with Dispensing Quantity Limits are listed in the following table:



| Drug             | Dosage / Strength                       | Quantity Limit                 |
|------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Abiraterone      | 250 mg tablet                           | Limit: 120 tablets per 30 days |
| Abiraterone      | 500 mg tablet                           | Limit: 60 tablets per 30 days  |
| Advair Diskus    | 100/50 with device (14 blister diskus)  | Limit: 14 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 100/50 with device (28 blister diskus)  | Limit: 28 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 100/50 with device (60 blister diskus)  | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair Diskus    | 250/50 with device (14 blister diskus)  | Limit: 14 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 250/50 with device (28 blister diskus)  | Limit: 28 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 250/50 with device (60 blister diskus)  | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair Diskus    | 500/50 with device (14 blister diskus)  | Limit: 14 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 500/50 with device (28 blister diskus)  | Limit: 28 blisters per fill    |
| Advair Diskus    | 500/50 with device (60 blister diskus)  | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (120) | 45/21 mcg                               | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (120) | 115/21 mcg                              | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (120) | 230/21 mcg                              | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (60)  | 45/21 mcg                               | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (60)  | 115/21 mcg                              | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Advair HFA (60)  | 230/21 mcg                              | Limit: 1 device per fill       |
| Akynzeo          | 300-0.5 mg                              | Limit: 1 capsule per fill      |
| Alora            | 0.025 mg/day patch                      | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days   |
| Alora            | 0.05 mg/day patch                       | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days   |
| Alora            | 0.075 mg/day patch                      | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days   |
| Alora            | 0.1 mg/day patch                        | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days   |
| Alvesco          | 160 mcg (120 actuations) 9.6 g canister | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill      |
| Alvesco          | 160 mcg (60 actuations) 6.1 g canister  | Limit: 2 inhalers per fill     |
| Alvesco          | 80 mcg (60 actuations) 6.1g canister    | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill      |
| Anastrozole      | 1 mg tablet                             | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days  |
| Androgel         | 25 mg (1%) packet                       | Limit: 30 packets per fill     |
| Androgel         | 50 mg (1%) packet                       | Limit: 60 packets per fill     |
| Androgel         | 12.5 mg (1%) gel pump                   | Limit: 300 actuations per fill |
| Androgel         | 20.25 mg (1.62%) packet                 | Limit: 30 packets per fill     |

| Drug               | Dosage / Strength             | Quantity Limit                                      |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Androgel           | 40.5 mg (1.62%) packet        | Limit: 60 packets per fill                          |
| Andogel            | 20.25 mg (1.62%) gel pump     | Limit: 150 actuations per fill                      |
| Androderm          | 2 mg/24 hr. patch             | Limit: 30 patches per fill                          |
| Androderm          | 4 mg/24 hr. patch             | Limit: 30 patches per fill                          |
| Arnuity Ellipta    | 100 mcg (14 blisters)         | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Arnuity Ellipta    | 100 mcg (30 blisters)         | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Arnuity Ellipta    | 200 mcg (14 blisters)         | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Arnuity Ellipta    | 200 mcg (30 blisters)         | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex HFA        | 50 mcg/inh                    | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex HFA        | 100 mcg/inh                   | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex HFA        | 200 mcg/inh                   | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 110 mcg/inh (7 inhalations)   | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 110 mcg/inh (14 inhalations)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 110 mcg/inh (30 inhalations)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 220 mcg/inh (14 inhalations)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 220 mcg/inh (30 inhalations)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 220 mcg/inh (60 inhalations)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Asmanex Twisthaler | 220 mcg/inh (120 inhalations) | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Atrovent HFA       | 12.9 gm Aerosol               | Limit: 2 inhalers per fill                          |
| Avonex             | 30 mcg prefilled syringe      | Limit: 4 syringes per 30 days                       |
| Avonex             | 30 mcg vial                   | Limit: 4 vials per 30 days                          |
| Avonex Admin Pack  | 30 mcg                        | Limit: 4 kits per 30 days                           |
| Avonex Pen         | 30 mcg/0.5 ml pen             | Limit: 1 box (4 pens) per 30 days                   |
| Axiron             | 30 mg (2%) per pump           | Limit: 180 actuations per fill                      |
| Betaseron          | 0.3 mg vial                   | Limit: 14 prefilled diluent syringes per<br>30 days |
| Bicalutamide       | 50 mg tablet                  | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days                       |
| Capecitabine       | 150 mg tablet                 | Limit: 84 tablets per 28 days                       |
| Capecitabine       | 500 mg tablet                 | Limit: 210 tablets per 28 days                      |
| Carbinoxamine      | 4 mg tablet                   | Limit: 240 tablets per 30 days                      |
| Carbinoxamine      | 6 mg tablet                   | Limit: 120 tablets per 30 days                      |



| Drug                  | Dosage / Strength  | Quantity Limit                                      |
|-----------------------|--|---|
| Carbinoxamine         | 4 mg/5 mL  | Limit: 2 bottles per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.025 mg/day patch                                       | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.0375 mg/day patch                                      | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.05 mg/day patch  | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.06 mg/day patch  | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.075 mg/day patch                                       | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara (estradiol)   | 0.1 mg/day patch   | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Climara Pro           | 0.045 mg/ 0.015 mg/day patch                             | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days                        |
| Combivent Respimat    | 20 mcg-100mcg  | Limit: 2 inhalers per fill                          |
| Copaxone (glatiramer) | 20 mg prefilled syringe                                  | Limit: 1 kit (30 prefilled syringes) per<br>30 days |
| Copaxone (glatiramer) | 40 mg prefilled syringe                                  | Limit: 12 syringes per 30 days                      |
| Desloratadine         | 2.5 mg orally disintegrating tablet                      | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days                       |
| Desloratadine         | 5 mg orally disintegrating tablet                        | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days                       |
| Desloratadine         | 5 mg tablet  | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days                       |
| Divigel               | 0.1% (0.25 g/packet)                                     | Limit: 30 packets per fill                          |
| Divigel               | 0.1% (0.5 g/packet)                                      | Limit: 30 packets per fill                          |
| Divigel               | 0.1% (1g/packet)   | Limit: 30 packets per fill                          |
| Duetact               | 30/2 mg tablet   | Limit: 30 tablets per fill                          |
| Duetact               | 30/4 mg tablet   | Limit: 30 tablets per fill                          |
| Dulera                | 50 mcg/5mcg  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Dulera                | 100 mcg/5mcg   | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Dulera                | 200 mcg/5mcg   | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                           |
| Elestrin gel          | 0.06% gel meter dose pump                                | Limit: 52 grams (2 pumps) per fill                  |
| Emend                 | 40 mg capsule  | Limit: 1 capsule per fill                           |
| Emend                 | 80 mg capsule  | Limit: 2 capsules per fill                          |
| Emend                 | 125 mg capsule   | Limit: 1 capsule per fill                           |
| Emend                 | 150 mg injection   | Limit: 1 vial per fill                              |
| Emend                 | Bifold pack  | Limit: 1 pack per fill                              |
| Emend                 | Trifold Pack, contains one 125 mg and two 80 mg capsules | Limit: 1 pack (package size 3) per fill             |



| Drug                  | Dosage / Strength                           | Quantity Limit                            |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Estraderm             | 0.05 mg/day patch                           | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days              |
| Estraderm             | 0.1 mg/day patch                            | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days              |
| Estrasorb             | 4.35 mg per 1.74 g pouch                    | Limit: 56 packets (97.44 g) per fill      |
| Estrogel              | 0.06% 50 gm pump                            | Limit: 1 pump per fill                    |
| Evamist               | 1.53 mg spray                               | Limit: 2 pumps per fill                   |
| Exemestane            | 25 mg tablet                                | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days             |
| Extavia               | 0.3 mg kit                                  | Limit: 15 blister units/vials per 30 days |
| Extavia               | 0.3 mg vial                                 | Limit: 15 blister units/vials per 30 days |
| Factive               | 320 mg tablet                               | Limit: 7 tablets per fill                 |
| Flovent Diskus        | Powder 100 mcg (1 device = 60 doses)        | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Flovent Diskus        | Powder 250 mcg (1 device = 60 doses)        | Limit: 4 inhalers per fill                |
| Flovent Diskus        | Powder 50 mcg (1 device = 60 doses)         | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Flovent HFA           | Aerosol 10.6 gm (120 doses; 44<br>mcg/dose) | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Flovent HFA           | Aerosol 12 gm (120 doses; 110<br>mcg/dose)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Flovent HFA           | Aerosol 12 gm (120 doses; 220<br>mcg/dose)  | Limit: 2 inhalers per fill                |
| Flutamide             | 125 mg capsule                              | Limit: 180 capsules per 30 days           |
| Fortesta              | 10 mg (2%) gel pump                         | Limit: 120 actuations per fill            |
| Granisetron           | 1 mg tablet                                 | Limit: 6 tablets per fill                 |
| Imatinib              | 100 mg tablet                               | Limit: 90 tablets per 30 days             |
| Imatinib              | 400 mg tablet                               | Limit: 60 tablets per 30 days             |
| Incruse Ellipta       | 62.5 mcg (7 blister)                        | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Incruse Ellipta       | 62.5 mcg (30 blister)                       | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                 |
| Ipratropium/albuterol | 3 ml vial                                   | Limit: 180 vials per fill                 |
| Kesimpta              | 20 mg pen                                   | Limit: 1 pen per 28 days                  |
| Letrozole             | 2.5 mg tablet                               | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days             |
| Mayzent               | 0.25 mg tablet                              | Limit: 120 tablets per 30 days            |
| Mayzent               | 2 mg tablet                                 | Limit: 30 tablets per 30 days             |
| Megestrol             | 20 mg tablet                                | Limit: 480 tablets per 30 days            |

| Drug                            | Dosage / Strength      | Quantity Limit                     |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Megestrol                       | 40 mg tablet           | Limit: 240 tablets per 30 days     |
| Megestrol                       | 40 mg/ml suspension    | Limit: 2 bottles per 30 days       |
| Megestrol                       | 125 mg/ml suspension   | Limit: 1 bottle per 30 days        |
| Melphalan                       | 2 mg tablet            | Limit: 63 tablets per 21 days      |
| Menostar                        | 14 mcg/day patch       | Limit: 4 patches per 30 days       |
| Mercaptopurine                  | 50 mg tablet           | Limit: 300 tablets per 30 days     |
| Minitran                        | 0.1 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Minitran                        | 0.2 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Minitran                        | 0.4 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 60 patches per 30 days      |
| Minitran                        | 0.6 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Minivelle                       | 0.0375 mg patch        | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days       |
| Minivelle                       | 0.05 mg patch          | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days       |
| Minivelle                       | 0.075 mg patch         | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days       |
| Minivelle                       | 0.1 mg patch           | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days       |
| Natesto                         | 5.5 mg per pump        | Limit: 180 actuations per fill     |
| Nilutamide                      | 150 mg tablet          | Limit: 60 tablets per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.1 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.2 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.3 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.4 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.6 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Nitro-Dur                       | 0.8 mg/hr patch        | Limit: 30 patches per 30 days      |
| Plegridy                        | 125 mcg/0.5ml pen      | Limit: 2 pens per 30 days          |
| Plegridy                        | 63/94 mcg starter pack | Limit: 1 starter pack per 365 days |
| Pulmicort Flexhaler             | 90 mcg/actuation       | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill          |
| Pulmicort Flexhaler             | 180 mcg/actuation      | Limit: 2 inhaler per fill          |
| Pulmicort Respules (budesonide) | 0.25 mg/2 mL           | Limit: 60 respules per fill        |
| Pulmicort Respules budesonide)  | 0.5 mg/2 mL            | Limit: 60 respules per fill        |
| Pulmicort Respules budesonide)  | 1 mg/2 mL              | Limit: 30 respules per fill        |
| Qvar HFA                        | 40 mcg                 | Limit: 2 inhalers per fill         |

| Drug             | Dosage / Strength  | Quantity Limit                                 |
|------------------|--|--|
| Qvar HFA         | 80 mcg   | Limit: 3 inhalers per fill                     |
| Rebif            | 22 mcg syringe   | Limit: 12 syringes per 30 days                 |
| Rebif            | 44 mcg syringe   | Limit: 12 syringes per 30 days                 |
| Rebif            | Titration pack   | Limit: 1 package per 30 days                   |
| Relenza          | 5 mg Diskhaler   | Limit: 40 blisters (2 cartons) per 365<br>days |
| Restasis         | 0.4 mL vial (0.5 mg/mL)  | Limit: 60 vials per 30 days                    |
| Sancuso          | 3.1 mg/24-hour patch   | Limit: 1 patch per fill                        |
| Sivextro         | 200 mg tablet  | Limit: 6 tablets per fill                      |
| Spiriva          | 18 mcg capsule for use with inhalation device, 30 capsules                   | Limit: 1 package per fill                      |
| Spiriva          | 18 mcg capsule for use with inhalation device, 5 capsules (1 blister card)   | Limit: 1 package per fill                      |
| Spiriva          | 18 mcg capsule for use with inhalation device, 90 capsules (6 blister cards) | Limit: 1 package (90 doses) per fill           |
| Spiriva Respimat | 4 gm inhaler (28 spray)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                      |
| Spiriva Respimat | 4 gm inhaler (60 spray)  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                      |
| Striant          | 30 mg buccal tablets   | Limit: 60 buccal tablets per fill              |
| Symbicort        | 80/4.5 mcg inhaler   | Limit: 1 package per fill                      |
| Symbicort        | 160/4.5 mcg inhaler  | Limit: 1 package per fill                      |
| Tamiflu          | 6 mg/ml suspension   | Limit: 6 bottles per 365 days                  |
| Tamiflu          | 12 mg/ml suspension  | Limit: 6 bottles per 365 days                  |
| Tamiflu          | 30 mg capsule  | Limit: 40 capsules per 365 days                |
| Tamiflu          | 45 mg capsule  | Limit: 20 capsules per 365 days                |
| Tamiflu          | 75 mg capsule  | Limit: 20 capsules per 365 days                |
| Tamoxifen        | 10 mg tablet   | Limit: 60 tablets per 30 days                  |
| Tamoxifen        | 20 mg tablet   | Limit: 60 tablets per 30 days                  |
| Testim           | 50 mg (1%) gel   | Limit: 60 tubes per fill                       |
| Testosterone     | 50 mg (1%) packet  | Limit: 60 packets per fill                     |
| Testosterone     | 12.5 mg (1%) gel pump  | Limit: 300 actuations per fill                 |
| Testosterone     | 10 mg (2%) gel pump  | Limit: 120 actuations per fill                 |
| Tudorza Pressair | 400 mcg inhaler  | Limit: 1 inhaler per fill                      |

| Drug                         | Dosage / Strength                      | Quantity Limit                              |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Vivelle (estradiol)          | 0.025 mg patch                         | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle (estradiol)          | 0.0375 mg patch                        | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle (estradiol)          | 0.05 mg patch                          | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle (estradiol)          | 0.075 mg patch                         | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle (estradiol)          | 0.1 mg patch                           | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle-Dot (estradiol)      | 0.025 mg patch                         | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle-Dot (estradiol)      | 0.0375 mg patch                        | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle-Dot (estradiol)      | 0.05 mg patch                          | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle-Dot (estradiol)      | 0.075 mg patch                         | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vivelle-Dot (estradiol)      | 0.1 mg patch                           | Limit: 8 patches per 30 days                |
| Vogelxo                      | 50 mg (1%) gel                         | Limit: 60 tubes per fill                    |
| Vogelxo                      | 50 mg (1%) gel packet                  | Limit: 60 packets per fill                  |
| Vogelxo                      | 12.5 mg (1%) per pump                  | Limit: 300 actuations per fill              |
| Xiidra                       | 0.2 mL single-use container (50 mg/mL) | Limit: 60 containers per 30 days            |
| Zofran (ondansetron)         | 4 mg tablet                            | Limit: 9 tablets per fill                   |
| Zofran (ondansetron)         | 8 mg tablet                            | Limit: 9 tablets per fill                   |
| Zofran (ondansetron)         | 24 mg tablet                           | Limit: 1 tablet per fill                    |
| Zofran (ondansetron)         | 4 mg/5ml solution                      | Limit: 2 bottles per fill                   |
| Zofran ODT (ondansetron ODT) | 4 mg tablet                            | Limit: 9 orally disintegrating tab per fill |
| Zofran ODT (ondansetron ODT) | 8 mg tablet                            | Limit: 9 orally disintegrating tab per fill |
| Zubsolv                      | 1.4 mg/0.36 mg tablet                  | Limit: 90 tablets per fill                  |
| Zubsolv                      | 5.7 mg/1.4 mg tablet                   | Limit: 90 tablets per fill                  |
| Zubsolv                      | 8.6 mg/2.1mg tablet                    | Limit: 60 tablets per fill                  |
| Zuplenz                      | 4 mg soluble film                      | Limit: 9 films per fill                     |
| Zuplenz                      | 8 mg soluble film                      | Limit: 9 films per fill                     |
| Zinbryta                     | 150 mg/mL                              | Limit: 1 syringe per 30 days                |

## Antiretroviral Quantity Limits per 30 Days

The following quantity limits per 30 days are based on the maximum dose recommendations in the product's FDA-approved labeling. This information is available for each product at the manufacturer's web site or www.fda.gov.

| Drug                | Dosage/Strength | Quantity Limit                         |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Abacavir            | 20 mg/ml        | Limit: 60 mL per 30 days               |
| Abacavir            | 300 mg          | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Abacavir-Lamivudine | 600-300 mg      | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Aptivus             | 100 mg/ml       | Limit: 5700 mL per 30 days             |
| Aptivus             | 250 mg          | Limit: 120 Capsules per 30 days        |
| Atazanavir          | All             | Limit: 30 Capsules per 30 days         |
| Atripla             | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Biktarvy            | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Cimduo              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Combivir            | All             | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Complera            | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Crixivan            | All             | Limit: 180 Capsules per 30 days        |
| Delstrigo           | 100-300 mg      | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Didanosine dr       | All             | Limit: 30 Capsules per 30 days         |
| Dovato              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Edurant             | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Efavirenz           | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets/Capsules per 30 days |
| Emtriva             | 10 mg/mL        | Limit: 20,400 mL per 30 days           |
| Emtriva             | 200 mg          | Limit: 30 Capsules per 30 days         |
| Epivir              | 10 mg/mL        | Limit: 900 mL per 30 days              |
| Epivir              | 150 mg          | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Epivir              | 300 mg          | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Evotaz              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Fosamprenavir       | All             | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Fuzeon              | All             | Limit: 30 Vials per 30 days            |



| Drug          | Dosage/Strength               | Quantity Limit                          |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Genvoya       | All                           | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Intelence     | All                           | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Invirase      | All                           | Limit: 120 Tablets/Capsules per 30 days |
| lsentress     | All                           | Limit: 60 per 30 days                   |
| Isentress HD  | All                           | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Juluca        | All                           | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Kaletra       | 100-25 mg                     | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Kaletra       | 200-50 mg                     | Limit: 120 Tablets per 30 days          |
| Kaletra       | 80-20 mg/mL                   | Limit: 320 mL per 30 days               |
| Lexiva        | 50 mg/mL                      | Limit: 60 mL per 30 days                |
| Nevirapine    | 200 mg                        | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Nevirapine    | All                           | Limit: 60 mL per 30 days                |
| Nevirapine ER | All                           | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Norvir        | 100 mg                        | Limit: 30 packets per 30 days           |
| Norvir        | 100 mg                        | Limit: 360 Tablets/Capsules per 30 days |
| Norvir        | 80 mg/mL                      | Limit: 480 mL per 30 days               |
| Odefsey       | All                           | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Pifeltro      | 100 mg                        | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Prezcobix     | All                           | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Prezista      | 100 mg/mL                     | Limit: 30 mL per 30 days                |
| Prezista      | 75 mg, 150 mg, 400 mg, 600 mg | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Prezista      | 800 mg                        | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Rescriptor    | All                           | Limit: 90 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Retrovir      | 100 mg                        | Limit: 60 Capsules per 30 days          |
| Retrovir      | 10 mg/ml                      | Limit: 960 mL per 30 days               |
| Reyataz       | 50 mg                         | Limit: 30 packets per 30 days           |
| Selzentry     | 20 mg/ml                      | Limit: 1840 mL per 30 days              |
| Selzentry     | All                           | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days           |
| Stavudine     | 1 mg/mL                       | Limit: 2,400 mL per 30 days             |
| Stavudine     | All                           | Limit: 120 Capsules per 30 days         |

| Drug                 | Dosage/Strength | Quantity Limit                |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Stribild             | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Symfi                | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Symfi Lo             | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Symtuza              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Tenofovir Disoproxil | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Tivicay              | All             | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days |
| Tivicay PD           | All             | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days |
| Triumeq              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Trizivir             | 300-150-300 mg  | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days |
| Tybost               | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |
| Videx                | All             | Limit: 300 mL per 30 days     |
| Viracept             | 250 mg          | Limit: 90 Tablets per 30 days |
| Viracept             | 625 mg          | Limit: 60 Tablets per 30 days |
| Viread               | All             | Limit: 30 per 30 days         |
| Vitekta              | All             | Limit: 30 Tablets per 30 days |

| Drug      | Investigational  |
|-----------|--|
| As listed | The medications listed in this policy are subject to the   |
|           | product's US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) dosage and |
|           | administration prescribing information.                    |

| Length of Approval        |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Approval                  | Criteria   |
| Initial authorization     | Non-formulary exception reviews and all other reviews for<br>drugs listed in this policy may be approved up to 12 months |
| Re-authorization criteria | Non-formulary exception reviews and all other reviews for<br>drugs listed in this policy may be approved up to 12 months |

## Coding



#### **Related Information**

## **Definition of Terms**

**Closed formulary benefit:** A closed formulary benefit is one that routinely covers only formulary (preferred) drugs. A non-formulary drug may be covered when its use has been determined to be medically necessary after a review of the individual clinical case circumstances.

**Formulary:** A formulary is a list of drugs approved by the Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee (P&T) for routine use. A well-designed formulary should provide adequate drug selection to meet the treatment needs of most individuals; however, there will always be exceptional cases where a non-formulary drug may be the best therapeutic choice.

**Formulary drug:** A formulary drug (also known as a preferred drug) is a drug that is on the formulary list. Drugs that are not on the list are referred to as non-formulary drugs.

**Label:** Product label refers to the FDA approved prescribing information that is available for every legend drug approved for use in the US. The label includes indications, contraindications, recommended dosing, warnings, precautions, side effects, drug interactions and information on safety in pregnancy and other special populations. The drug's pharmacology, pharmacokinetics, and available dosage forms are also provided. The current format also includes a summary of the pivotal clinical trials that were submitted to FDA in support of the New Drug Application.

This prescribing information is included as a package insert with the product and is available on the manufacturer's Web site.

**Quantity limits:** A quantity limit is the maximum amount of a medication that may be dispensed during a given calendar period or at one prescription fill without an exception request. Dispensing of a larger quantity may be approved, based on individual case review. A specified larger quantity may be approved when individual-specific circumstances require it, or when published clinical evidence supports a higher dose protocol.

**Note:** Dispensing quantity limits are not intended to apply in circumstances where logistics may dictate otherwise. These circumstances include but are not limited to member vacation or business travel, disruption of normal prescription supply chains due to adverse weather events or other disasters and members living in remote areas where travel to the nearest pharmacy may sometimes be problematic.



**Step therapy:** A step therapy edit is a requirement that one or more specified first step agents be tried and failed before coverage will be provided for another second step agent. Step therapy requirements are based upon evidence from published, peer-reviewed clinical studies demonstrating that first-line use of the first step agents is clinically reasonable in most circumstances.

## **Benefit Application**

The drugs addressed in this policy are managed through the pharmacy benefit.

#### **Evidence Review**

## Entresto (valsartan/sacubitril)

Entresto (valsartan/sacubitril or LCZ696) was granted fast track approval by the FDA for heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF) based on the results of the PARADIGM HF trial, which randomized 8,441 individuals to receive LCZ696 200mg twice daily (n=4187) or enalapril 10mg twice daily (n=4212). LCZ696 was superior to enalapril at reducing the composite endpoint of cardiovascular death and first heart failure hospitalization (HR 0.80, 95% CI 0.73-0.87, p<0.001). When assessed individually, both components of the composite occurred in a lower proportion of individuals in the LCZ696 arm (p<0.001 for both). All-cause mortality occurred in 17% of the LCZ696 group compared to 19.8% in the enalapril arm (p<0.001). A 29% reduction in recurrent hospitalizations was seen with LCZ696 (p=0.001). Due to the statistically significant reduction in the primary endpoint, the study was prematurely stopped. The phase II PARAMOUNT trial has shown beneficial results with LCZ696 compared to valsartan in individuals who have heart failure with preserved ejection fraction. LCZ696 significantly reduced NT-proBNP at 12 weeks (ratio of change LCZ696/valsartan 0.77, 95% CI 0.64-0.92, p=0.005).

#### Rationale

Step therapy edits are designed to channel utilization toward drugs that are at least as safe and effective and lower cost than other similar drugs that are also available. In many cases, the first step drugs in a particular edit algorithm are generics and the second step alternatives are



brands that are more expensive and offer no proven incremental clinical benefit compared to the first step drugs. Step therapy, prior authorization and other similar utilization management tools are designed to steer members toward more cost-effective therapeutic choices and are thus an important component of affordable benefit designs.

Recent trends in prescription drug prices in the United States have led to an increased pressure on health care providers to keep down the cost of prescription medication while maintaining high levels of availability to the individual. Mandatory controls will become more important in plan designs that meet the Essential Health Benefit (EHB) requirements of the Affordable Care Act. In making care more accessible to members, the EHB requirements limit some of the financial incentives that have been developed to incent members to select lower cost alternatives. Furthermore, many manufacturers provide copay coverage, eliminating any additional cost impact to the member. Well designed and clinically based step therapy programs thus encourage proper drug selection without negative effects on members.

Motheral and colleagues published a retrospective database analysis of three step therapy programs implemented in a 20,000-member plan in 2002. The three edits targeted proton pump inhibitors, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, respectively. The investigators studied two years' worth of pharmacy claims of the intervention group against a comparator group of members from similar plans that did not have the three step therapy programs. Per member per month costs (PMPM) decreased by \$0.83 in the intervention group, compared to a \$0.10 rise on in the comparator group. A mailed self-administered member survey found that 30% received a generic, 23% were granted an exception and received the originally requested drug, 16% paid the full prescription price and 17% received no drug. Individuals were 8 times more likely to receive a covered medication when the pharmacist called the prescriber. Failure to receive a covered medication reduced member satisfaction. The authors concluded that step therapy programs do reduce plan cost but improving members' and providers' understanding of the programs would improve their outcomes and member satisfaction.<sup>1</sup>

A major objection to step therapy and other prior authorization programs has always been the administrative effort by provider office staff required to process exception requests. Historically, studies that attempted to measure this have reported conflicting results. A study by Morley, et al. estimated an average annual cost of \$2,161 to \$3,430 per clinic physician FTE. Over 50% of the staff time spent on prior authorization processing was by clerical staff. Less than 10% was by physicians, the remainder being provided by nurses and physician assistants.<sup>2</sup> The authors believe that further analysis is warranted, and with the expected improvement in ubiquity and interoperability of health information systems, it is likely that the administrative effort will be further reduced. A small convenience sample study at the Cambridge Health Alliance psychiatric

emergency department found that prior authorization requirements for medications did add much to the time spent in ER prior to discharge.<sup>3</sup>

Prior authorization, step therapy and quantity limits are typical features of managed Medicare and Medicaid programs. Soumerai and colleagues, Hoadley and others have studied the effect of these interventions and generally report that they save plan cost and move utilization toward lower cost generic and preferred brand drugs without major impact on adherence.<sup>4-6</sup>

Quantity limits in this policy are based on maximum FDA approved dose as stated in the product label. These limits represent the upper bound of the dose range that has been shown to balance safety and efficacy as demonstrated by clinical trial data contained in the New Drug Application (NDA) or supplemental application (sNDA) for higher labeled dosing.<sup>7</sup> Quantities in excess of the limits in this policy may be approved based on adequate evidence from published peer reviewed clinical studies.

#### 2018 Update

Review of current FDA labeling. Added Leukine indication for myeloid reconstitution after autologous bone marrow transplantation. No other changes required.

#### 2019 Update

Review of current FDA labeling. Added Leukine indication for exposure to myelosuppressive doses of radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome).

## 2020 Update

Reviewed prescribing information for Actimmune (interferon gamma-1b), Leukine (sargramostim), Jakafi (ruxolitinib), and Ilaris (canakinumab). Added a new indication for Jakafi for the treatment of steroid-refractory acute graft-versus-host disease in adult and pediatric individuals 12 years and older. Updated age of coverage for other Jakafi indications to adults 18 years of age or older. Reviewed formulary status for medications in Step Therapy Protocol. Changed from one to two requirements for first step therapy agents unless specified otherwise. Removed from targeting Toziaz, Vesicare, Epiduo forte, Tazorac, Welchol and Ranexa as removed from formulary. Added generic solifenacin as a first step therapy agent for overactive bladder.



#### 2021 Update

Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs listed in step-therapy table. Removed Anzemet tablets (dolasetron), Cesamet (nabilone), and Oxecta (oxycodone) from steptherapy table as products have been discontinued by manufacturer. Removed Butrans (buprenorphine transdermal), Nucynta (tapentadol), and Ventolin HFA (albuterol) from steptherapy table as products are non-formulary.

#### 2022 Update

Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs listed in step-therapy table. Removed Bystolic (nebivolol) as product is non-formulary due to the availability of generic nebivolol which is formulary.

#### 2023 Update

Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs listed in step-therapy table. Removed Aerospan from the quantity limit as it has been discontinued by the manufacturer.

#### 2024 Update

Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs listed in step-therapy table. Added Alrex (loteprednol) eye drops to the ophthalmic corticosteroids step-therapy table. Removed Myrbetriq (mirabegron) from the step-therapy table as it has been added to 5.01.605 Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits. Added coverage criteria for Entresto (sacubitrilvalsartan) and Entresto Sprinkle (sacubitril-valsartan). Clarified that the medications listed in this policy are subject to the product's FDA dosage and administration prescribing information.

#### 2025 Update

Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs. Clarified that non-formulary exception review authorizations for all drugs listed in this policy may be approved up to 12



months. Updated the policy title from "Medical Necessity Criteria and Dispensing Quantity Limits for Exchange Formulary Benefits" to "Medical Necessity Criteria and Dispensing Quantity Limits for Metallic Formulary Benefits." Removed the following drugs from the step therapy protocol: Alrex, buprenorphine patch, carbinoxamine, desloratadine, Emsam, Factive, Inveltys, Lotomax, Minitran, Nitro-Dur, Nucynta ER, ranolazine extended-release, Suprep, tazarotene, and U-Cort.

#### References

- 1. Motheral BR, Henderson R, Cox ER. Plan sponsor savings and member experience with point-of-service prescription step therapy. Am J Manag Care 2004;10:457-464.
- 2. Morley CP, Badolato DJ, Hickner J, et al. The impact of prior authorization requirements on primary care physician's offices: report of two parallel network studies. J Am Board Fam Med. 2013;26(1):93-95.
- 3. Funkenstein A, Malowney M, Boyd JW. Insurance Prior Authorization Approval Does Not Substantially Lengthen the Emergency Department Length of Stay for Patients With Psychiatric Conditions Ann Emerg Med 2013;61(5):596-597.
- 4. Hoadley JF, Merrell K, Hargrave E, et al. In Medicare Part D plans, low or zero copay and other features to encourage the use of generics could save billions. Health Aff (Millwood) 2012;31(10):2266-2275.
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- Law MR, Lu CY, Soumerai SB, et al. Impact of prior authorization on the use and costs of lipid-lowering medications among Michigan and Indiana dual enrollees in Medicaid and Medicare: results of a longitudinal, population-based study. Clin Ther. 2011;33(1):135-44.
- 21 CFR 201.5: Labeling Requirements for Prescription Drugs. Adequate Directions for Use. Available at http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfCFR/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=201 Accessed February 11, 2025.
- 8. Entresto (sacubitril-valsartan). Prescribing Information. Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation. East Hanover, NJ. Revised April 2024.

#### History

| Date     | Comments  |
|----------|---|
| 09/09/13 | New policy, add to Prescription Drug section.   |
| 12/09/13 | Replace policy. Policy section reflects updates to the Step Therapy and Dosing Limits tables. |



| Date     | Comments  |
|----------|---|
| 03/10/14 | Annual Review. Step Therapy Protocol and Dosing Limit Tables updated within the Policy section.   |
| 04/14/14 | Interim Review. Step Therapy Protocol and Dosing Limit Tables updated within the<br>Policy section. Sedative hypnotic drugs quantity level limit for 30-day period added to<br>the Policy Guidelines section.   |
| 08/11/14 | Interim Update. Formulary table updated; Myrbetriq added to the list of approved<br>second-step agents for overactive bladder; Ibuprofen and meloxicam replaced with<br>diclofenac, generic NSAIDs under miscellaneous topicals; Hetlioz removed from the<br>dosing table (addressed in a separate policy). Policy Guidelines updated within the<br>Sedative Hypnotic Drugs Quantity Level Limit for 30-Day Period section.   |
| 12/08/14 | Interim Review. Covered to Benefit Coverage Guideline template. Coverage criteria updated within the step-therapy table in the Coverage Guideline section.  |
| 01/13/15 | Annual Review. Dispensing quantity limits table updated within the Policy section;<br>Plegridy and Trulicity added.   |
| 02/10/15 | Interim Review. Quantity limits updated on Relenza and Tamiflu to indicate the quantities are per 365 days and not per 30 days as previously indicated.   |
| 03/10/15 | Interim Review. Updated quantity limits added to drugs as appropriate; drugs for which a PA is no longer required removed from the policy.  |
| 04/14/15 | Interim Review. Updated quantity limits added to drugs as appropriate; drugs for<br>which a PA is no longer required removed from the policy; new drugs added which are<br>now on the PA list.  |
| 06/09/15 | Interim Review. Step therapy table updated; anticoagulants and corticosteroid<br>ApexiCon E removed. Dosing table updated with the removal of Alendronate, Ambien,<br>Ambien CR, Atelvia, Dalmane, Doral, Edluar, Halcion, Intermezzo, Lunesta, Prosom,<br>Restoril, Rozerem, Silenor, Sonata, and Zolpimist. Information stricken regarding<br>sedative hypnotic drug quantity level limits.   |
| 08/11/15 | Interim Update. Chantix removed edit as of 7/21/15, and Beta agonist inhalers: removed quantity limit as of 7/21/15.  |
| 10/13/15 | Interim Update. Removed Lofibra and Tricor from Fibrate step edit as they are no<br>longer formulary medications; removed Azelex, Finacea, Tazorac, Tretin-X from the<br>Acne Topical section as housekeeping as these edits have been removed but policy<br>was not updated; removed Ala-Scalp from Corticosteroid Topical section as it is no<br>longer a formulary medication; removed Cortane-B and Vectical from Misc Topical<br>section as they are no longer formulary medications; removed Triptans from this policy<br>as the step edit has been retired from this policy; removed ActoPlus Met, Actos,<br>Avandamet, Avandia, Avandryl, Bydureon, Byetta, Farxiga, Invokana, Invokamet,<br>Janumet, Janumet XR, Januvia, Jardiance, Jentadueto, Kazano, Kombiglyze XR, Nesina,<br>Onglyza, Oseni, PrandiMet, Symlin, Tradjenta, Trulicity, Victoza and Xigduo as the<br>quantity limit rule is being removed; removed Brovana as housekeeping as the<br>quantity limit was previously moved but medical policy was not updated; added |



| Date     | Comments  |
|----------|---|
|          | generic name of estradiol to Vivelle as there is now a generic available that is also targeted under quantity limit rule.   |
| 02/09/16 | Annual Review. Policy updated; the following drugs were removed since there is no longer an edit: Ultravate PAC, Analpram-E, Lac-Hydrin, Momexin, and Voltaren Gel.   |
| 07/01/16 | Interim Review, approved June 14, 2016. Crestor and Livalo removed from step edit as of 6/15/16; Cholesterol medications removed from quantity limit as of 6/15/16; Enablex and Synalar Solution removed from step edit as of 7/1/16 due to change to non-formulary status. |
| 01/01/17 | Interim Review, approved December 13, 2016. Removal of the quantity limits for the trans-mucosal fentanyl products (TURFs) due to implementation of the diagnosis-based edit for those products. Addition of the quantity limit for Zinbryta used for Multiple Sclerosis.   |
| 03/01/17 | Annual Review, approved February 14, 2017. Copaxone 40mg quantity limit was added to the table, while Forteo quantity limit was removed. Also, removed Fenoglide and Lipofen from step-therapy table.   |
| 07/01/17 | Benefit Coverage Guideline moved into new format. No changes to policy statement.   |
| 12/01/17 | Interim Review, approved November 9, 2017. Added generic glatiramer.  |
| 01/01/18 | Interim Review, approved December 12, 2017. Added new medications to be targeted<br>on 1/1/18 (Actimmune, Leukine, Jakafi, Ilaris, Ventolin HFA, colchicine, Butrans, Epiduo<br>Forte, Tazorac, tazarotene, Brilinta, Welchol, Lotemax, Ranexa, Emsam, Suprep).             |
| 02/01/18 | Annual Review, approved January 30, 2018. Review of current FDA labeling; no changes to policy statements.  |
| 05/01/18 | Interim Review, approved April 18, 2018. Review of current FDA labeling. Added<br>Leukine indication for myeloid reconstitution after autologous bone marrow<br>transplantation.  |
| 07/01/18 | Interim Review, approved June 22, 2018. Updated indication and first-step agents for Emsam.   |
| 09/01/18 | Interim Review, approved August 23, 2018. Removed Colchicine from policy.   |
| 11/01/18 | Interim Review, approved October 9, 2018. Policy updated with HIV drug quantity limits and removed opioid quantity limits.  |
| 02/01/19 | Interim Review, approved January 4, 2019. Added new medication Inveltys to ophthalmic corticosteroids.  |
| 05/01/19 | Annual Review, approved April 18, 2019. Added buprenorphine patch as second step<br>drug for pain. Added ranolazine extended-release as second step drug for angina.<br>Added new indication to Leukine (sargramostim). Updated Epivir (lamivudine) quantity<br>limit.      |



| Date     | Comments   |
|----------|--|
| 06/01/19 | Interim Review, approved May 23, 2019. Added dispensing quantity limits for<br>Androgel, Androderm, Axiron, Fortesta, Natesto, Striant, Testim, Testosterone and<br>Vogelxo. Added Dovato to the antiretroviral quantity limits.   |
| 08/01/19 | Interim Review, approved July 25, 2019. Added Symtuza to the antiretroviral quantity limits.   |
| 10/01/19 | Interim Review, approved September 5, 2019. Added Dexilant (dexlansoprazole) as a drug that requires step therapy. Added generic loteprednol to the list of first step agents for ophthalmic corticosteroids.  |
| 02/01/20 | Interim Review, approved January 9, 2020. Removed Brilinta from step therapy protocol.   |
| 04/01/20 | Annual Review, approved March 3, 2020. Added new indication to Jakafi for steroid-<br>refractory acute graft-versus-host disease in adult and pediatric patients 12 years and<br>older. Updated age of coverage for other Jakafi indications to adults 18 years of age or<br>older. Changed from one to two requirements for first step therapy agents. Removed<br>from targeting for Step Therapy Protocol Toviaz, Vesicare, Epiduo forte, Tazorac,<br>Welchol and Ranexa. Added generic solifenacin as a first step therapy agent for<br>overactive bladder. |
| 05/01/20 | Interim Review, approved April 23, 2020. Added Asmanex 50 mcg/inhaler and Dulera 50 mcg/5 mcg inhaler to the quantity limits.  |
| 08/01/20 | Interim Review, approved July 23, 2020. Added new indication to Ilaris for AOSD and updated age of coverage for SJIA to patients aged 2 years and older. Added Tivicay PD to the quantity limits.  |
| 10/01/20 | Interim Review, approved September 17, 2020. Updated step-therapy requirement on Ventolin HFA requiring trial and failure of generic albuterol HFA prior to Ventolin HFA.  |
| 11/01/20 | Interim Review, approved October 22, 2020. Moved Jakafi to Policy 5.01.540<br>Miscellaneous Oncology Drugs. Moved Proton Pump Inhibitors to Policy 5.01.605<br>Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits. Updated Copaxone 40 mg prefilled<br>syringe quantity limit to 12 syringes per 30 days.   |
| 02/01/21 | Interim Review, approved January 21, 2021. Leukine removed from Policy as added to<br>Policy 5.01.540 Miscellaneous Oncology Drugs effective 12/3/20. Ilaris removed from<br>Policy as added to Policy 5.01.564 Pharmacotherapy of Miscellaneous Autoimmune<br>Diseases effective 1/1/21. Cayston removed from Policy as added to Policy 5.01.605<br>Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits effective 12/1/20. Added Sivextro to the<br>dispensing quantity limits.   |
| 04/01/21 | Interim Review, approved March 23, 2021. Actimmune removed from Policy as added<br>to Policy 5.01.605 Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits effective 3/3/21.<br>Added abiraterone, anastrozole, bicalutamide, capecitabine, exemestane, flutamide,<br>imatinib, letrozole, Mayzent, megestrol, melphalan, mercaptopurine, nilutamide, and<br>tamoxifen to the quantity limits.  |

| Date     | Comments   |
|----------|--|
| 05/01/21 | Annual Review, approved April 22, 2021. Added step-therapy requirement and<br>quantity limits to carbinoxamine and desloratadine. Removed Anzemet and Cesamet<br>from step-therapy and quantity limit tables as products have been discontinued by<br>manufacturer. Removed Oxecta from step-therapy table as product has been<br>discontinued by manufacturer. Removed Butrans, Nucynta, and Ventolin HFA from<br>step-therapy table. Added a quantity limit to Factive, Minitran, Nitro-Dur, Restasis,<br>and Xiidra.                    |
| 10/01/21 | Interim Review, approved September 23, 2021. Added a quantity limit to Kesimpta.   |
| 03/01/22 | Interim Review, approved February 7, 2022. Added a note that generic tazarotene is covered for the treatment of plaque psoriasis and that use of the first step agents is not required for plaque psoriasis. Removed Descovy and Truvada from the quantity limit as the drugs are now reviewed under Policy 5.01.588 Pharmacologic Treatment of HIV/AIDS.  |
| 11/01/22 | Annual Review, approved October 10, 2022. Removed Bystolic (nebivolol) from the step-therapy table as product is non-formulary. Changed the wording from "patient" to "individual" throughout the policy for standardization.  |
| 09/01/23 | Annual Review, approved August 21, 2023. Reviewed product availability and formulary status for all drugs listed in step-therapy table. Removed Aerospan from the quantity limit as it has been discontinued by the manufacturer.  |
| 04/01/24 | Annual Review, approved March 25, 2024. Added Alrex (loteprednol) eye drops to the ophthalmic corticosteroids step-therapy table. Removed Myrbetriq (mirabegron) from the step-therapy table as it has been added to 5.01.605 Medical Necessity Criteria for Pharmacy Edits.   |
| 01/01/25 | Interim Review, approved December 23, 2024. Entresto (sacubitril-valsartan) moved<br>from Policy 5.01.605 to 5.01.547 with no changes to coverage criteria. Clarified that<br>Entresto policy criteria includes Entresto Sprinkle (sacubitril-valsartan). Clarified that<br>the medications listed in this policy are subject to the product's FDA dosage and<br>administration prescribing information.   |
| 03/01/25 | Annual Review, approved February 24, 2025. Clarified that non-formulary exception review authorizations for all drugs listed in this policy may be approved up to 12 months.   |
| 05/01/25 | Interim Review, approved April 8, 2025. Updated the policy title from "Medical<br>Necessity Criteria and Dispensing Quantity Limits for Exchange Formulary Benefits" to<br>"Medical Necessity Criteria and Dispensing Quantity Limits for Metallic Formulary<br>Benefits." Removed the following drugs from the step therapy protocol: Alrex,<br>buprenorphine patch, carbinoxamine, desloratadine, Emsam, Factive, Inveltys, Lotomax,<br>Minitran, Nitro-Dur, Nucynta ER, ranolazine extended-release, Suprep, tazarotene, and<br>U-Cort. |

**Disclaimer**: This medical policy is a guide in evaluating the medical necessity of a particular service or treatment. The Company adopts policies after careful review of published peer-reviewed scientific literature, national guidelines and local standards of practice. Since medical technology is constantly changing, the Company reserves the right to review and update policies as appropriate. Member contracts differ in their benefits. Always consult the member benefit booklet or contact a member service representative to determine coverage for a specific medical service or supply. CPT codes, descriptions and materials are copyrighted by the American Medical Association (AMA). ©2025 Premera All Rights Reserved.

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